

DAFTAR PUSTAKA

- Abdillah, W. (2011). Antecedent and Consequence of Social Computing Behavior for Social Network Sites: Perspective of Social Influence Theory. *Journal of Indonesian Economy & Business*, 26(3), 407-441.
- Ardi, R. (2017). Anonimitas dan Pemenuhan Kebutuhan Psikososial Melalui Pengungkapan Diri di Media Sosial. 379-399.
- Asosiasi Penyelenggara Jasa Internet Indonesia. (2018). Retrieved 5 20, 2020, from <https://www.apjii.or.id/survei>
- Boyd, D., & N. Ellison. (2007). Social Network Sites Definition, History, and Scholarship. *Journal of Computer-Mediated Communication*, 13(1).
- Boyd, D., Golder, S., & Lotan, G. (2010). Tweet, Tweet, Retweet: Conversational Aspects of Retweeting on Twitter. *HICSS*. Hawaii: IEEE.
- Budiarti, A. I. (2016). Pengaruh Interaksi dalam Peer Group Terhadap Perilaku Cyberbullying Siswa. *Jurnal Pemikiran Sosiologi*, 3(1).
- Cahyono, A. S. (2016). Pengaruh Media Sosial Terhadap Perubahan Sosial Masyarakat di Indonesia. *PUBLICIANA*, 9(1), 140-157.
- Cheung, C., Wong, R., & Chan, T. (2016). Online Disinhibition: Conceptualization, Measurement and Relation to Aggressive Behavior. *Thirty Seventh International Conference on Information Systems*. Dublin.
- Denisa, A. (2019). *Pengaruh Social Comparison terhadap. Online Self Presentation pada pengguna media sosial*. Skripsi Thesis, Universitas Airlangga.
- Garcia, D., Mavrodiev, P., Casati, D., & Schweitzer, F. (2017). Understanding the Twitter Society: Understanding Popularity, Reputation, and Social Influence in the Twitter Society. *Police and Internet*.
- Gustiningsih, S., & Hartosujono. (2013). Hubungan Kematangan Emosi dengan Kecenderungan Perilaku Cyberbullying pada Pengguna Twitter di Universitas Sarjanawiyata Tamansiswa Yogyakarta. *Jurnal SPIRITS*, 4(1), 64-73.
- Hantono, D., & Pramitasari, D. (2018). Aspek Perilaku Manusia Sebagai Makhluk Individu dan Sosial Pada Ruang Terbuka Publik. *National Academic Journal of Architecture*, 5(2), 85-93.

- Harjanto, U. (2017). *Perbedaan Online Disinhibition Pada Orang Bekerja dan Belum Bekerja*. Skripsi Thesis, Universitas Muhammadiyah Malang.
- Hartono. (2004). *Statistika untuk Penelitian*. Pekanbaru: Lembaga Studi Filsafat, Kemasyarakatan, Kependidikan dan Perempuan.
- Joinson, A. N. (2007). Cause and Effect of Disinhibition on The Internet. In J. Gackenbach (Ed.), *The Psychology of The Internet*. New York: Academic Press.
- Nurhadi, Z. F. (2017). Model Komunikasi Sosial Remaja Melalui Media Twitter. *Jurnal ASPIKOM*, 3(3), 539-549.
- Pallant, J. (2016). *SPSS Survival Manual*. England: Open University Press.
- Pervin, N., Fang, F., Datta, A., Dutta, K., & Vandermeer, D. (2013). Fast, scalable, and context-sensitive detection of trending topics in microblog post streams. *ACM Transactions on Management Information Systems*.
- Pfitzner, R., Garas, A., & Schweitzer, F. (2012). Emotional Divergence Influences. *the Sixth International AAAI Conference on Weblogs and Social Media* (pp. 543-546). Switzerland: Association for the Advancement of Information Artificial Intelligence.
- Postmes, T., Spears, R., Sakhel, K., & Groot, D. (2014). Social Influence in Computer-Mediated Communication: The Effects of Anonymity on Group Behavior. *PERSONALITY AND SOCIAL PSYCHOLOGY BULLETIN*.
- Rahman, A. A. (2016). *Metodologi Penelitian Psikologi*. Bandung: PT. Remaja Rosdakarya.
- Ramelb, M. (2016, 8 30). Twitter and Identity: Living up to the Social Comparison. *Advance Writing: Pop Culture Intersections*.
- Ramirez, A., Walther, J. B., J.K., & Sunnafrank, M. (2002). Information-Seeking Strategies, Uncertainty, and Computer-Mediated Communication. *Human Communication Research*, 28(2), 213-228.
- Rashotte, L. (2007). Social Influence. In *The Blackwell Encyclopedia of Social Psychology* (pp. 562-563).
- Rohanawati, N. (2012). *Alih Fungsi Twitter*. Thesis Skripsi, Universitas Sebelas Maret.
- Santoso, S. (2010). *Statistik untuk psikologi dari blog menjadi buku*. Yogyakarta: Universitas Sanata Dharma.

- Satriawan, N., Hardjono, & Karyanta, N. (2016). Hubungan antara Konsep Diri dengan Toxic Disinhibition Online Effect Pada Siswa SMKN 8 Surakarta. *Jurnal Psikologi Wacana*, 8(15).
- Stibe, A. (2014). *Socially Influencing Systems: Persuading People to Engage with Publicly Displayed Twitter-Based Systems*. Universitas Ouluensis.
- Stibe, A. (2015). Advancing Typology of Computer-Supported Influence: Moderation Effects in Socially Influencing Systems. In T. MacTavish, & S. Basapur, *Persuasive Technology* (pp. 251-262). Heidelberg: Springer.
- Stibe, A. (2015). Towards a Framework for Socially Influencing Systems: Meta-analysis of Four. In MacTavish, & Basapur (Ed.). (pp. 172-183). Switzerland: Springer International Publishing.
- Stibe, A., & Culegman, B. (2019). Social Influence Scale for Technology Design and Transformation. 561-577.
- Sugiyono. (2017). *Metode Penelitian Kuantitatif, Kualitatif dan R&D*. Bandung: Alfabeta CV.
- Sujarweni, W. (2018). *Metode Penelitian Manajemen dan Bisnis*. Yogyakarta: Pustaka Baru Press.
- Suler, J. (2004). The Online Disinhibition Effect. *Journal of Cyberpsychology & Behavior*, 7(3), 321-326.
- Voggeser, B., Singh, R., & Anja, G. (2016). Self-control in Online Discussions: Disinhibited Online Behavior as a Failure to Recognize Social Cues. *Frontiers in Psychology*.
- We Are Social*. (2020). Retrieved 5 6, 2020, from <https://wearesocial.com/digital-2020>
- Wegge, D., Vandebosch, H., Eggermont, S., & Walrave, M. (2015). The Strong, the Weak, and. *Journal of Social Science Computer Review*, 33(3), 315-342. doi:10.1177/0894439314546729
- Wu, S., Lin, T.-C., & Shih, J.-F. (2017). Examining The Antecedents of Online Disinhibition. *Information Technology & People*, 3(1), 189-209.
- Zahrotunnisa, A., & Hijrianti, U. R. (2019). Online Disinhibition Effect dan Perilaku Cyberbullying. *Prosiding Seminar Nasional & Call Paper*.