

ABSTRAK

STEFANI LINAWATI. *Analisis Faktor-faktor yang Mempengaruhi Angka Partisipasi SMA di Indonesia*. Pendidikan Ekonomi, Fakultas Ekonomi, Universitas Negeri Jakarta, 2019.

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui pengaruh Desentralisasi Fiskal, Pengeluaran Pemerintah bidang Pendidikan, PDRB per Kapita, Rasio Murid per Guru dan Jumlah Tenaga Pengajar terhadap Angka Partisipasi Kasar SMA/Sederajat di Indonesia. Jenis data yang digunakan adalah data sekunder tentang pendapatan asli daerah, total pendapatan daerah, rasio pengeluaran pemerintah bidang pendidikan terhadap total belanja pemerintah, jumlah murid, jumlah guru, dan angka partisipasi kasar. Teknik analisis data menggunakan analisis regresi data panel. Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa Pengeluaran pemerintah bidang pendidikan, rasio murid per guru dan jumlah tenaga pengajar berpengaruh signifikan positif terhadap angka partisipasi kasar SMA/Sederajat di Indonesia. Sementara itu, desentralisasi fiskal dan PDRB per Kapita berpengaruh negatif dan tidak signifikan terhadap angka partisipasi kasar SMA/Sederajat di Indonesia.

Kata kunci : Angka Partisipasi Kasar, Desentralisasi Fiskal, Pengeluaran pemerintah bidang Pendidikan, PDRB per Kapita, Rasio Murid per Guru, Jumlah Tenaga Pengajar.

ABSTRACT

STEFANI LINAWATI. *Analysis of the Factors Affecting the Middle School Enrollment Rate in Indonesia*. Economic Education, Faculty of Economic, State University of Jakarta, 2019.

This study aims to determine the effect of Fiscal Decentralization, Government Expenditures on Education, GRDP per Capita, Student Ratio per Teacher and Number of Teachers to High School Gross Enrollment Rates in Indonesia. The type of data uses secondary data on regional original income, total regional income, the ratio of government expenditure on education to total government expenditure, number of students, number of teachers, and gross enrollment rates. The data analysis technique uses panel data regression analysis. The results showed that government expenditures on education, student per teacher ratio and the number of teachers had a significant positive effect on middle school gross enrollment rate in Indonesia. Meanwhile, fiscal decentralization and per capita GRDP have a negative and not significant effect on middle school Gross Enrollment Rate in Indonesia.

Keyword : Gross Enrollment Rate, Fiscal Decentralization, Government Expenditures on Education, GRDP per Capita, Student Ratio per Teacher, Number of Teachers.