

## ABSTRAK

**Muhammad Wahyudin Jaelani, Pengaruh Implementasi Substansi Program Pendewasaan Usia Perkawinan Terhadap Hasil Pengambilan Keputusan Menikah Usia Dini pada Remaja.** Skripsi, Jakarta, Program Studi Pendidikan Vokasional Kesejahteraan Keluarga, Fakultas Teknik, Universitas Negeri Jakarta, 2018. Dosen Pembimbing: Dr. Uswatun Hasanah, M.Si dan Tarma, S.Pd., M.Pd.

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk memperoleh gambaran tentang pengaruh implementasi substansi program pendewasaan usia perkawinan terhadap hasil pengambilan keputusan menikah usia dini pada remaja. Penelitian ini dilaksanakan di Kecamatan Lemahwungkuk, Kota Cirebon. Metode penelitian ini menggunakan metode survei. Populasi pada penelitian ini adalah remaja di Kecamatan Lemahwungkuk Kota Cirebon yang berusia 15-24 tahun, dengan jumlah sampel sebesar 92 responden. Teknik pengambilan data menggunakan *purposive sampling*. Uji hipotesis data yang digunakan adalah koefisien korelasi *product moment* dengan hasil yaitu  $r_{hitung} = 0,21 < r_{tabel} = 1,98$ . Hasil uji t dengan taraf signifikansi 0,05 yaitu  $t_{hitung} = 2,04 > t_{tabel} = 1,65$  hal ini menjelaskan bahwa terdapat korelasi positif dan hubungan yang signifikan antara implementasi substansi program pendewasaan usia perkawinan terhadap pengambilan keputusan menikah usia dini pada remaja. Perhitungan uji regresi diperoleh  $f_{hitung} = 4,406 > f_{tabel} = 3,946$ , maka terdapat pengaruh yang signifikan antara implementasi substansi program pendewasaan usia perkawinan terhadap pengambilan keputusan menikah usia dini pada remaja. Implementasi substansi program pendewasaan usia perkawinan memberikan sumbangan efektif terhadap pengambilan keputusan menikah usia dini pada remaja sebesar, 4,41%, sedangkan sisanya 95,59% ditentukan oleh faktor lain

**Kata kunci:** Implementasi Substansi Program Pendewasaan Usia Perkawinan, Pengambilan Keputusan Menikah Usia Dini, Remaja

## ABSTRACT

**Muhammad Wahyudin Jaelani,** *The influence of the implementation of the substance of the age maturation marriage program against the results of decision-making at an early age Married adolescents.* Thesis, Jakarta, Family Welfare Vocatioal Education Department, Faculty of Enginering, State University of Jakarta, 2018. Research Supervisor: Dr. Uswatun Hasanah, M.Si and Tarma, S.Pd., M.Pd.

This research aims to gain an idea of the influence of the implementation of the substance of the PUP against the results of decision-making at an early age married teens. This research was conducted in Lemahwunguk district, Cirebon city. Methods this study used survey method The population in this research is a teenager in the Lemahwunguk district of Cirebon ranging in age 15 to 24 with 92 respondents' samples. The technique of collecting data which used was purposive sampling. Hypothesis test data used is the coefficient of correlation of product moment with the result was  $r_{count} = 0,21 < r_{table} = 1,98$ . The result of the t test with a significance level of 0,05 that is result  $t_{count} = 2,04 > t_{table} = 1,65$ , this explains that there is a positive correlation and a significant relationship between the implementation of the PUP substance toward decision making of early marriage for teens in adolescents. Calculation of regression test obtained  $f_{count} = 4,406 > f_{table} = 3,946$ , so there is a significant effect between the implementation of the PUP substancetoward decision making of early marriage for teens in adolescents. The implementation of the substance of the PUP provided an ef contribute effectively towards decision-making at an early age married adolescents of 4,41% while the rest 95,59% is determined by other factors.

**Keywords:** Implementation of the substance Marriage Age Maturity Program, Early Marriage Decision Making, Adolescene.