

ABSTRAK

Nuzulia Indah Safitrie, Implementasi Kebijakan Program Jam Belajar Masyarakat. Skripsi. Jakarta: Program Studi Pendidikan Pancasila dan Kewarganegaraan, Fakultas Ilmu Sosial, Universitas Negeri Jakarta, Juni 2019.

Tujuan dari penelitian ini adalah mendeskripsikan dan menganalisis untuk mengetahui; (1) Implementasi Kebijakan Program Jam Belajar Masyarakat di Kelurahan Kembangan Utara Jakarta Barat; (2) Faktor Pendukung dan Faktor Penghambat Implementasi.

Metode yang digunakan untuk penelitian ini adalah deskriptif dengan pendekatan kualitatif. Teknik pengumpulan data yang dilakukan dengan cara observasi, wawancara secara mendalam dan studi dokumentasi kepada masyarakat Kelurahan Kembangan Utara dan pengurus JBM di Kelurahan Kembangan Utara. Selain itu dilengkapi dengan pendapat ahli.

Peneliti menggunakan teori implementasi menurut Grindle, tentang keberhasilan implementasi kebijakan publik ditentukan oleh tingkat *implementability* yang terdiri atas *Content of Policy* dan *context of policy*. *Content of Policy* memiliki indikator sebagai berikut (a) *Interest Affected*, (b) *Type of Benefits*, (c) *Extent of Change Envision*. (d) *Site of Decision Making*, (e) *Program Implementer*, (f) *Resources Committed*. Sedangkan *Context of Policy* memiliki tiga indikator yakni sebagai berikut (1) *Power, Interest, and Strategy of Actor Involved*, (2) *Institution and Regime Characteristic* (3) *Compliance and Responsiveness*. Berdasarkan penelitian ditemukan hal-hal berikut ini: (1) Pelaksanaan Program JBM ini sudah berjalan selama kurang lebih satu tahun dengan baik, namun masih terdapat kekurangan dan kendala. (2) Faktor pendukung dan faktor penghambat dalam implementasi Program JBM berasal dari faktor internal maupun eksternal.

Kata Kunci: Implementasi, Jam Belajar Masyarakat, Faktor Pendukung dan Penghambat.

ABSTRACT

Nuzulia Indah Safitrie, Policy Implementation Of Society Study Hours or JBM in Kelurahan Kembangan Utara, Kembangan District, West Jakarta. Jakarta. Thesis. Jakarta: Pancasila And Civic Education Study Program, Faculty Of Social Sciences. Universitas Negeri Jakarta. June 2019.

The aims of this particular research are to describe and analyze to know; (1) the Policy Implementation Of Society Study Hours or JBM in

Kelurahan Kembangan Utara;(2)The inhibiting and supporting factors in its implementation.

The method used for this research is descriptive with a qualitative approach. Data collection techniques were carried out by observation, in-depth interviews and documentation studies to the society Kelurahan Kembangan Utara and JBM management of Kelurahan Kembangan Utara, West Jakarta. In addition, it is complemented by expert opinion

The researches are used the theory of implementation from Grindle about the success of public policy implementation determined by the level implementability which consists content of policy dan context of policy. Content of Policy has these follows indicators: (a) Interest Affected, (b) Type of Benefits, (c) Extent of Change Envision, (d) Site of Decision Making, (e) Program Implementer, (f) Resources Committed. As for Context of Policy has three indicators that are as follows (1) Power, Interest, and Strategy of Actor Involved, (2) Institution and Regime Characteristic (3) Compliance and Responsiveness. Based on the research, it was found that following; (1) implementation of the program of Society Study Hours or JBM in Kelurahan Kembangan Utara has been implemented in around one year, but it is still not optimal yet and has flaws; (2) Supporting factors and inhibiting factors in this implementation comes from internal and external.

Key word: Implementation, Society Study Hours or JBM, Supporting factors and inhibiting factors in this implementation.