

AN OVERVIEW RESILIENCE OF POOR STUDENT

(Survey conducted SMP Negeri in Rawamerta District)

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ABSTRACT

The purpose of this research is to find the empirical data about the resilience of poor students. The population of this research is 150 students and the sample is poor students of SMP Negeri in Rawamerta sub-district. The technique sampling used this research is purposive sampling. The research method used is descriptive survey research that aims to determine the image of resilience in poor students in SMP Negeri in Rawamerta District. The data has been collected by using questionnaires which are distributed by researcher that consist of 51 statements adapted from Reivich and Shatte (Resilience Quotient Test). The result shows that the majority of poor students in Rawamerta sub-district had resilience in low category 54.0%, medium 36.7% and high 9.3%. Guidance and Counseling teachers are expected to conduct counseling service to assist students in achieving optimal self-development, especially in improving the resilience of poor students.

Keywords: Resilience, Poor Student.