

RADAR SAKHA AMNESTY

PENGARUH BIG FIVE PERSONALITY TERHADAP KENAKALAN REMAJA PADA SISWA SEKOLAH MENENGAH DI JAKARTA TIMUR

SKRIPSI

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2016

ABSTRAK

Penelitian ini dilakukan untuk mengetahui pengaruh *big five personality* yang terdiri dari *openness to experience*, *conscientiousness*, *extraversion*, *agreeableness*, dan *neuroticism* terhadap kenakalan remaja. Penelitian ini menggunakan metode kuantitatif dengan skala psikologi. Peneliti menggunakan instrumen kenakalan remaja yang diadopsi, yaitu *Self Reported Delinquency* dan menggunakan instrumen kepribadian *big five personality* yang telah diadaptasi, yaitu *Big Five Inventory*. Sampel dalam penelitian ini adalah 161 responden yaitu siswa Sekolah Menengah Kejuruan (SMK) di Jakarta Timur dengan teknik *non-probability sampling*. Metode pengolahan data yang digunakan dalam pengujian hipotesis adalah analisis regresi ganda. Hasil penelitian ini adalah terdapat pengaruh antara *big five personality* yang terdiri dari *openness to experience*, *conscientiousness*, *extraversion*, *agreeableness*, dan *neuroticism* secara bersama-sama terhadap kenakalan remaja pada siswa Sekolah Menengah Kejuruan di Jakarta Timur. Besar pengaruh yang dihasilkan antara *big five personality* yang terdiri dari *openness to experience*, *conscientiousness*, *extraversion*, *agreeableness*, dan *neuroticism* secara bersama-sama terhadap kenakalan remaja adalah 0,106 (10,6%) dan sisanya 89,4% dipengaruhi oleh faktor lain.

Kata kunci : Kenakalan remaja, big five personality, Sekolah Menengah, Jakarta Timur

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**THE INFLUENCE OF THE BIG FIVE PERSONALITY TOWARDS
JUVENILE DELINQUENCY IN SECONDARY SCHOOL'S STUDENTS IN
EAST JAKARTA**

UNDERGRADUATE THESIS

**JAKARTA: DEPARTEMENT OF PSYCHOLOGY, FACULTY OF
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2016

ABSTRACT

This research was conducted to find out the influence of the big five personality consisting of openness to experience, conscientiousness, extraversion, agreeableness, and neuroticism towards juvenile delinquency. This study use quantitative methods with psychological scale. This research using instruments that juvenile delinquency was adopted, namely the Self Reported Delinquency and the use the big five personality instrument that have been adapted, i.e. Big Five Inventory. The sample in this study was 161 respondents i.e. Vocational High School students in East Jakarta with non-probability sampling purposive techniques. A method of data processing used in hypothesis testing is multiple regression analysis. The results of the research there is influence between big five personality consisting of openness to experience, conscientiousness, extraversion, agreeableness, and neuroticism are jointly towards juvenile delinquency at a Vocational High School students in East Jakarta. The significant influence that produced between big five personality consisting of openness to experience, conscientiousness, extraversion, agreeableness, and neuroticism are jointly towards juvenile delinquency is 0.106 (10.6%) and the remaining 89.4% are influenced by other factors.

Keywords: *juvenile delinquency, the big five personality, secondary school, East Jakarta*