

## ABSTRACT

**Sari Rosmalina**, *The Dynamics of Gunung Mas Tea Plantation Management (1971 – 2014). A Minithesis*. Jakarta: History of Education, Faculty of Social Sciences, State University of Jakarta, 2017.

This research aims to obtain empirical data about the dynamics of the management of tea plantations in Gunung Mas, Cisarua District, Bogor Regency, West Java. The method used in the research is the method of history and presentation of research results conducted in the form of descriptive narrative. Data collection was obtained through literature study by searching for and obtaining relevant books, articles, magazines and newspapers covering the history of tea plantations and policies on tea plantations in Indonesia from 1971 to 2013. In addition, researchers also tried to conduct interviews and discussions with some administrative staff, afdeeling heads, foremen, and tea pickers, to help reconstruct and clarify the management of Gunung Mas Plantation.

The results of this research that the management of Gunung Mas Plantation is inseparable from the reaction of the Gunung Mas Plantation Manager and the plantation companies to respond to various policies on plantations conducted by the Indonesian government from 1971 to 2014. In the period of PTP XII in 1971-1996, President Soeharto, who prioritizes foreign capital, has reopened tea exports at Gunung Mas Plantation in the international market. Meanwhile, in the period of PT Perkebunan Nusantara VIII in 1996-2014 acted rather slowly in handling looting cases as a result of the statement of President Abdurrahman Wahid who designate plantation land for the welfare of the people has been exploited by the parties who act as a provocateur for the peak community to commit looting.