Appendix 1:

Table 1.1 The coding of writing tasks

Chapter	Task-code	Task	
1. Talking about self		B. VOCABULARY BUILDER Match the words with their Indonesian equivalents. Compare your work to your classmate's.	
	WT01-1	pen pal (noun)kereta komutersound (verb)sangat menyukairun (transitive verb)jauh(be) into (preposition)nampaknyaattend (school, college) (verb)bahasa pertamadistant (adjective)bahasa pertamacommuter train (noun)bersekolah/kuliahmagnificent (adjective)luar biasamother tongue (noun)mengelolahalf sister/brother (noun)saudara tiri	

WT01-2	C. PRONOUNCIATION PRACTICE Listen to your teacher reading these words. Repeat after him/her. pen pal : / pen pæl / sound : / saund / run : / rʌn / (be) into : / intu / attend : / ətend / distant : / distənt / commuter train : / kəmjutə trein / magnificent : / mægnifis ə nt / mother tongue : / mʌðər tʌŋ / half sister/brother : / hɑf braðər/sistər /
WT01-3	D. READING Task 2: After reading the text, in the chart below, identify the main ideas of the paragraphs, and then write the most important details in your own words. Students identified as A, refer to Text 1; students identified as B, refer to Text 2.

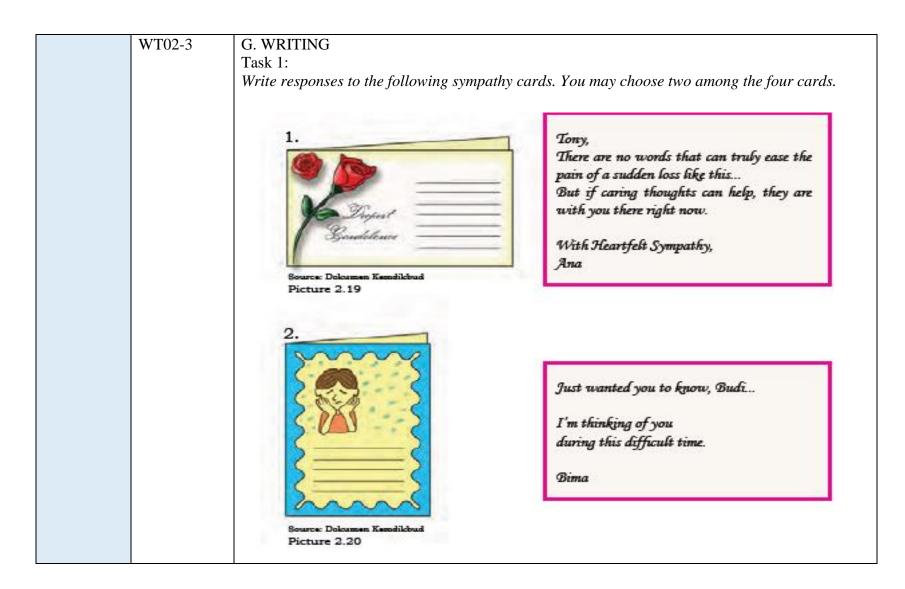
WT01-4	
	E. VOCABULARY EXERCISES
	Complete the following sentences using the words in the box. remember to use the correct forms
	of verbs.
	É-pal, sound, half sister, (be) into, mother tongue, attend, distant, commuter train, run,
	magnificent,
	1. Samuel and Sholeh are experienced in preparing a wide range of menus, from simple dishes
	like boiled eggs and fried rice to the difficult ones like the delicious rendang and rawon.
	They really cooking.
	2. Is it true that you went scuba diving in Bunaken National Marine Park in your holiday? Wow,
	it really cool. I wish I could go there too.
	3. What I love about is that it takes us to our workplace and brings us home quickly
	because it does not get caught in traffic jam.
	4. The government a television station which offers many useful programs and shows few
	commercials.
	5. The teacher and the students were talking about the performance of GARUDA, the
	Indonesian national football team.
	6. Rudi does not understand the local language. His is Indonesian.
	7. I am a senior high school student. Now, my childhood in kindergarten feels like a
	memory. I remember only few classmates.
	8. Nina and Ami are good friends at college. They used to the same schools, from
	elementary to secondary.
	9. An is someone you make friends with by writing emails. He/She might live in another
	country, so you might never meet him/her.
	10. Firda is now very happy to have a, a baby girl from her mother's second marriage

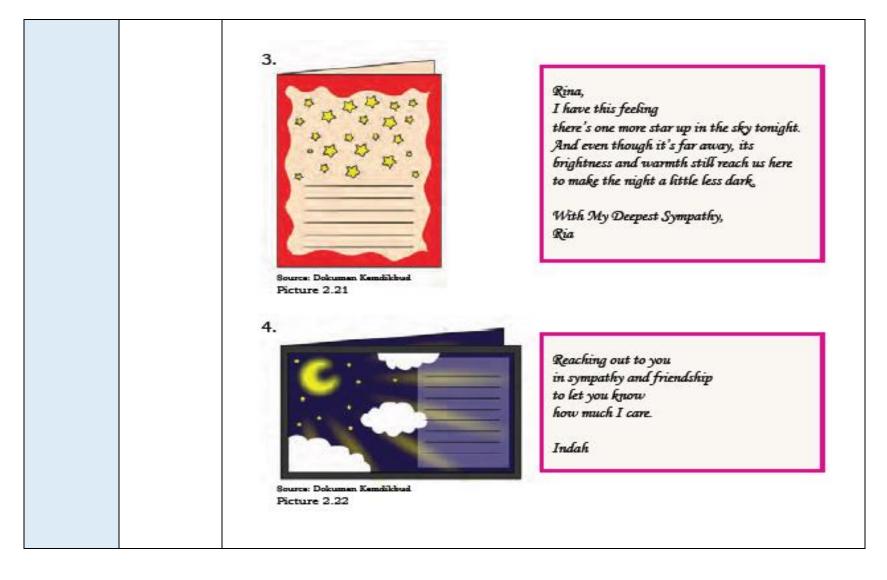
WT01-5	Task1 : Individua		ne following chart to find ich text you have read	out the structure of the	email or the letter
		Parts of the Letter/ Email	Purposes	Details	
		Opening	To start the communication		
		Contents			
		Closing			

WT01-	6 G. GRAMMAR REVIEW
	Task 2:
	Complete the sentences with <u>be</u> or <u>have</u> . Remember to use the correct forms.
	1. The class very boring because the students no activities.
	2. Alia a new pen pal from America. Alia lucky because now she can practice
	writing in English.
	3. Maher Zain Saidah's favorite singer. He really good voice.
	4. My hobby reading novels. I a collection of good novels.
	5. Bali magnificent scenery. In fact, it one of the most wonderful islands in
	the world.
	6. My younger sister and I three cats. They cute.
	7. Our favorite subjects Math and English. We a great time when we do math
	and English exercises.
	8. Caroline and Hannah similar interests in fashion. They crazy about the
	newest trends in fashion.
	9. Bob a gadget maniac. He always the latest version of mobile phone,
	which is actually not necessary.
	10. Sita a dream of becoming one of the next female president of Indonesia. She
	optimistic about her dream.
	11. My pen friend and I a plan to meet in person. We anxious to see one
	another.
	12. The internet really useful for my life as a student. It a lot of important
	information.

	WT01-7	I. WRITING
		responding to an email / a letter
2. Complemen ting and Showing Care	WT02-1	B. VOCABULARY BUILDER Write down the English words for the following Indonesian words. Compare your work to your classmate's. s k (noun) = rok d e (adjective) = bagus sekali r r (adjective) = hebat u d (adjective) = bangga c e (verb) = menerima es (noun) = salam/doa ng (adjective) = penyembuh o u (noun) = pikiran/angan/harapan le (adjective) = menghargai d y (verb) = menapikan f (verb) = membuat empuk/lembut g h (verb) = menarik/merapikan

WT02-2	C. PRONOUNCIATION PRACTICE
	Listen to your teacher reading these words. Repeat after him/her.
	<pre>skirt : /sks:rt / wonderful : / 'wAndəf ə l / terrific : / tə'rifik / inspire : / m'sparə / proud : / praud / receive : / rı'si:v / wishes : / wɪʃ / healing : / 'hi:lɪŋ / thought : / θɔ:t / pale : / peil / appreciate : / ə'pri:ʃieɪt / tidy : / 'tatdi / fluff : / flAf / straighten : / 'strettn / sheet : / ʃi:t /</pre>





WT02-4	 Task 2: Write a short letter for the following situations . The people in the situations below live far away from you. Choose 1 among the four situations. 1. Your friend's father has just passed away. 2. Your friend from England has lost his pet. 3. Your sister failed to be admitted to a university. 4. Your uncle just got an accident

3.	WT03-1	B. VOCABULARY BUILDER	
Expressing		A to Z	
Intention		Look at the pictures in the warmer section	n again. make a list of any words (nouns or verbs) that
		are related to the pictures. The words that	t you find should start with letters A to Z.
		A:	N:
		B:	
			P:
		D:	Q:
		E:	R:
		F: Ferris wheel (big wheel)	S:
		G:	T:
		Н:	U:
		I:	V:
		J:	W:
		К:	X:
		L:	Y:
		M:	Z:
		The second s	
		C. DIALOG: EXPRESSING INTENTIO	N
		C. DIALOG. EAFRESSING INTENTIO	

WT03-2	Task 2:	
	Later, Riri, Bayu, and Santi talk again about the plan. This time they want to	do something
	together. Continue the conversation based on the given hint.	
	Riri: Let's do something together this long weekend.	
	Santi : It's a great idea! What about?	
	Bayu : Or we could?	
	Riri :	
	Santi :	_
	Bavu ·	
	Bayu : Riri : We will	
	Santi :	_
	Bayu : I would rather	
	Riri :	
	Santi : Bayu :	
	Riri : Santi : So, we are going to	
	Bayu :	
	Baya	

WT03-3	D. VOCABULARY EXERCISE use the words you have listed in section B to make sentences. you may use more than one word in a sentence. 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9.
WT03-4	10. 10. F. SPEAKING Task 1: Make up a short dialogue for the following situations.
	 1. you plan to do the Biology project at the library after school. you ask your best friend to do it together with you 2. you plan to go to the movie this weekend. you ask several friends to go with you. Two of your
	friends definitely agree with you, but two others cannot make up their minds.3. School holiday is coming soon. you have a plan to go to your grandma's house in the country. You want to find out what your friend is planning

	4. it will be the school's anniversary next month. you and your friends are discussing the plan for the class performance. one of them seems to disagree with the idea because he thinks that it will need a lot of money.
	5. A friend is absent because she is sick. you plan with your friends to visit her this afternoon. However, one of them makes an excuse for not going.
WT03-5	 G. WRITING Write a paragraph about your holiday plan. use I would like to, I will I am going toand would rather in your paragraph. you can use the questions to guide you: Holiday plan Where would you like to go on holiday? Would you like to go somewhere interesting or stay at home? What are you going to do during holiday? Do you have any special interest?

4. Congratulati	WT04-1	B. VOCABULARY BUILDER Match the words with their Indonesian equivalents. Compare your work to your classmate's.			
Congratulati ng Others		Match the words with their Indonesian equivalent settle (verb) debts (noun) hired servant (noun) inherit (verb) chase (verb) spoiled brat (noun) scolding (noun) betrayed (verb) mess (noun) deserve (verb)	berhak/layak kekacauan anak manja melunasi mengejar pembantu yang digaji sindiran tajam mewarisi hutang dengan senang hati		
		contentedly (adverb)	dikhianati		

WT		C. PRONUNCTIATION PRACTICE Listen to your teacher reading these words. Repeat after him/her. settle : / 'setl / debts : / dets / hired servant : / haɪəd 'sɜ:rv ə nt / chase : / tfeɪs / spoiled brat : / spoild bræt / scold : / skoold / chaotic : / kei 'ptik / betray : / bī 'treɪ / deserve : / dī 'zɜ:v / contentedly : / kən 'tentədli / congratulate : / kən 'grætʃəleɪt /
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WT04-3	E. VOCABULARY EXERCISE			
W 104-3				
	task 1:			
	Complete the blanks in the following dialogs using the words in the box. If needed, you may			
	change the parts of speech. As an example see number 1. The answer for number 1 is wonderful.			
	good luck what's new it's good thanks a lot wonderful popular business			
	congratulations! I'm glad you think new hair cut mentioning			
	1.Dina : Hi, Yuni. What's your daughter doing these days?			
	Yuni : Oh, she's in college. In fact, she plans to graduate this June.			
	Dina : That's! (1) You must be very proud of her.			
	2. Fuad : Hi Abde l? (2)			
	Abdel : Oh, I'm going to take the driving test tomorrow.			
	Fuad : That's great, Abdel! (3)			
	3. tuti : How is your busi ness, Ria?			
	ria : (4) I've sold 100 items these two days.			
	tuti : Congratulations! That's a (5) right now.			
	ria : (6).			
	4. rudi : You look gorgeous in this wedding dress! (7).			
	Ian : Thank you very much,(8) so.			
	5. Ihsan : You look so cute in the (9)			
	Ali : Oh, thanks for (10) that. By the way, congratulations for winning the 1st prize			
	of the writing competition last week.			
	Ihsan : How nice of you to say that.			

WT04-4	task 2:
	Complete the following conversations with your own words.
	Conversation 1
	Rani : Hi Anisa.
	Anisa : Hi, you look great in that pink head scarf. What a nice scarf!
	Rani : (1) to say that.
	Anisa : I've never seen you in that hat. Where did you buy it?
	Rani : My mom bought it for me when she went to the market.
	Anisa : I see.
	Rani : Look. The teacher is coming!
	Anisa : Pak Sultoni.
	Mr. Sultoni : Hi, how are you?
	Rani : We're good. Thanks.
	Anisa : Excellent.
	Rani : (2) hair cut, Pak Sultoni.
	Anisa : Yes, you're looking good with your hair style.
	Mr. Sultoni : Thanks a lot. Rani, I heard you won the Math Olympiad. Is it true?
	Rani : Yes, I won the second prize last week. Anisa :(3)
	Allisa :
	Rani : Thank you very much for saying so.
	Kam . Thank you very much for saying so.

	Conversation 2
	Rudi : Hi Ben. How are you?
	Ben : Hi, you look great in that black jacket.
	Rudi : (1) saying so.
	Ben : I've never seen you in that outfit. Is it new?
	Rudi : My sister bought it for me when she went to Singapore.
	Ben : Oh, I see.
	Rudi : Look. What a nice new hair style! Who did your haircut? I like it a lot.
	Ben : (2) think so. My brother did it. I can ask him to do yours if you
	want to.
	Rudi : Yes, please. Look! Andi is coming.
	Ben : Hi Andi, I heard you won the Speech Contest last month. Congratulations!
	(3)
	Rudi : Fantastic! It's a great job, bro!
	Andi : Oh, thanks. It's (4) actually.

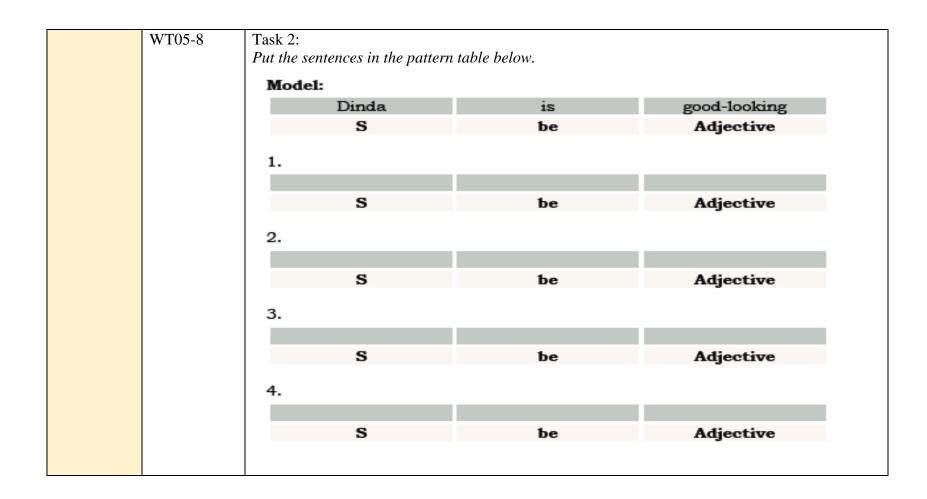
	WT04-5	G. WRITING Write down the inside parts of the congratulation cards based on the cover. two cards have been done for you as examples. Write at least two sentences.		
5.		B. VOCABULARY BUILDER		
Describing People	WT05-1	Task 1:Look at the words in the box. Do you know the meaning? Check your dictionary.Tall, eyebrow, pointed nose, friendly,short, blonde hair, smart, skinny,calm, shy, plump, chubby,round face, kind, helpful, stubborn,		
	WT05-2	TASK 2:Now, find other adjectives that describe people's appearance and/ or personality		
	WT05-3	Task 3: Then, put the words into the correct group in the table. Facial features Physical appearance Personality		

WT05-4	C. PRONUNCIATION PRACTICE Listen to your teacher reading the following words. Repeat after him/her. tall : / to:1 / short : / ʃɔ:rt / calm : / ka:lm / round face : / raond fets / eyebrow : / 'aibrao / blonde : / blond / shy : / ʃat / kind : / katnd / pointed nose : / 'pointed nooz / smart : / sma:rt / plump : / plAmp / helpful : / 'helpf ə 1 / friendly : / 'frendli / skinny : / 'skmi / chubby : / 'tſAbi /
	helpful : / 'helpf ə l / friendly : / 'frendli /

WT05-5	E. VOCABULARY EXCERCISE
	Look at the puzzle below. Find 16 words related to how to describe a person and write in the
	space provided. When you finish, use the words in sentences.
	H A N D S O M E F B O S S Y
	C F G H J E R T Y U L O P S
	T C Y E T K C R E A T I V E A R U A A H P N Q U I E T
	L U H S M D E I T G C A U V
	L A Z Y R I E R U E H Z L F
	F T J G I L R I S K I N N Y
	R E U O Y I F O E D L C Z E
	I K S I A G U K F T D E O W E M N N N E L R H N I F U S
	N B I G E N E R O U S H R M
	D B E A U T I F U L H Y U A
	L K A D A L W E R T K O L R
	Y U T A L K A T I V E R U T
	List the words below
	1 9
	2 10
	3 11
	4 12
	5 13
	6 14
	7 15
	8 16

WT05-6	F. TEXT STRUCTURE Task 2: Discuss with a partner and fill in the table with suitable information from the text.			
	Part of text Purpose Details from the text			
	Identification part			
	Description part			

WTO	G. GRAMMAR REVIEW Task 1: In the previous units, you have learned how to use adjectives in sentences. Now, observe the adjectives in the reading text excerpt below.
	Dinda is good-looking. She's not too tall. She is always cheerful. She is also very friendly and likes to make friends with anyone. Like many other girls, she is also talkative. She likes to share her thoughts and feelings to her friends. I think that's why many friends enjoy her company.



WT05-9	Task 3:Look at the adjectives in the reading text and vocabulary exercise of this unit. Use the adjectivesto make up sentences on your own.		
	1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9.		
WT05-10	9		
	J. FURTHER ACTIVITIES		

6. Visiting Ecotourism Destination	Be ga wa	A. WARMER: ODD MEN OUT Below are lists of words related to tourist destinations. Let's play odd man out game. Play this game in groups of four. Find the word that does not belong to the same category as the other words in the same group. That word is the odd word (the odd man). Cross out or circle the word and explain your reason. Look at the example. Compete with other groups to finish this game. outdoor camping ground air conditioner sleeping bag			
		1 wave trees sandy breeze	2 savannah botanical garden wood jungle	3 canopy leafy green blue	
		4 cool hot cold fresh	5 coral clear sofa fish	6 dirty nice clean comfortable	
		7 ship boat raft canoe	8 fall down rock splash waterfall	9 valley amusement park hot spring crater	
		11 sunny wet warm hot	12 terrible amazing awesome marvelous	13 impressive interesting boring unforgettable	

WTO(2)		NED.
WT06-2	B. VOCABULARY BUILD	
	Read the text about Tanjung	Puting National Park. After you read it, scan the text quickly to find
	the English equivalents for t	the
	Indonesian words below. Yo	ou are given the dashes and some letters of the English words as the
	clues. Each dash represents	a letter.
	After you find the words, con	mpare your answer to your friends.
	t(noun)	= ekoturisme
	tin(noun)	= tujuan
	la (noun)	= tanjung
	un(adjective)	= tidak seperti
	un(adjective) s(noun)	= hidung (binatang)
	mo(adjective)	
	es(verb)	= mendirikan
	h(noun)	= pusat/inti
	ss(adjective)	= mengesankan
	ex(adjective)	= bekas tangkapan
	tion (noun)	= pelestarian
	z_ (adjective)	= mengagumkan

V	WT06-3	C. Pronunciation Practice <i>Listen to your teacher reading these words. Repeat after him/her.</i> destination : / desti'neif ə n / peninsula : / pi'ninsjələ / unlike : / An'laik / snout : / snaut /
		enormous : / i'no:məs / establish : / i'stæblıʃ / heart : / hɑ:rt / impressive : / im'presıv / ex-captive : / eks 'kæptıv / preservation : / ,prezə'veɪʃ ə n / amazing : / ə'meɪzɪŋ /

W		D. READING Task 3:			
	st	fter reading the text, in the ummarize the most imported our answer to that of your	ant details in your own wo	ords. Work individually fir	-
		Paragraph	Main Idea	Details	
		Paragraph 1	Tanjung Puting National Park offers <i>impressive</i> experience to its visitors.	- a jungle which is the habitat of orang utans and proboscis monkeys	
		Paragraph 2			
		Paragraph 3			
		Paragraph 4			
	E	. VOCABULARY EXER	CISES		

WT06-5	complete the following sentences using the words in the box.
	Preservation, impressive, destination, unlike, enormous, establish, ex-captive, peninsula, snout, amazing, center,
	 Although Butet has never taken any private English course, she could speak English very fluently with a foreigner who visited my school yesterday. Everybody at my school admires Butet's English her sister who likes outdoor activities, Ni Luh likes to stay at home reading her favorite books. Bali has been the most popular tourist for years, but Indonesia has many other beautiful places to offer to international visitors. The local government needs to an information center to attract more tourists to visit Indonesia. The dancers are dancing energetically to show some of the beautiful cultures of Indonesia. In the morning, thousands of people go to the same direction to the of the city to work and that creates a long traffic jam every day. When people hear the words Tanjung Kodok, they may associate the name with a like Tanjung Puting National Park.

	8 orang utans may not be afraid of meeting
	with humans because they used to live with them as
	illegal pets.
	9. I always appreciate the strength ants have because
	although they are very small they can carry
	load of food.
	10. Their unusually large differentiates proboscis
	monkeys from other monkeys.
	11. We may not keep endangered animals that are protected
	by the law as our pet. If we have one, we should send it
	to site where it can live in a more natural
	habitat.

WT06-6	F. GRAMMAR REVIEW
W 100-0	
	Task 1:
	Study the following sentences. Identify the noun phrase by circling the adjectives and underlining
	the noun. Draw an arrow to show how the adjectives modify the nouns. Number 1 is done for you
	as an example.
	1. Mount Bromo has amazing scenery.
	2. Tanjung Puting National Park offers an impressive experience.
	Birute Galdikas is an important scientist.
	The traveling in the boat offers another unforgettable experience.
	At night, you can enjoy the clear sky and the bright stars.
	Local people call proboscis monkeys Bekantan.
	7. Fruits are orang utans' favorite food.
	Keeping orang utans as our pet is an illegal act.
	In the rehabilitation site, ex-captive orang utans learn to live a natural life.
	10.In a real jungle, we can see many incredible animals.
	11.Imagine yourself to be in the jungle and meet these special animals in their original habitat.
	12.The gigantic trees in the forest indicate that the forest is well preserved.

WT06-7	Task 2: Make noun phrases. The words on the left columns are adjectives and the words on the right column are nouns. Combine them to make noun phrases. See number 1 as an example. attractive, lake, memorable, waterfall, fresh, atmosphere, deep, trees, clear, people, gigantic. air, quiet, situation, relaxing, water, friendly, journey, beautiful, food, delicious, cave, large, flora and fauna, various souvenirs 1. delicious food 2.

WT06-8	Task 3: Now, read the phrases below. Identify the modifiers. See number 1 as an example. 1. large black stones \rightarrow size color noun 2. a shallow small lake \rightarrow
	8. favorite thick books \rightarrow 9. an enormous reddish snout \rightarrow 10. misty grey morning \rightarrow 11. a beautiful little young girl \rightarrow 12. a nice old American woman \rightarrow 13. breathtaking blue waves \rightarrow

WT06-10	G. WRITING Pair Work
	Read the following description about a tourist destination carefully. The writer forgot to edit her draft. Can you find the errors in the text and help her edit the text? Use the guiding questions that follow to help you.
	DISAJIKAN TEXT
	Guiding questions for editing:
	1. Does the writer use indentation? What should she do?
	2. Does the writer use correct paragraphing?
	3. If you were to divide the text into some paragraphs, how would you do it?
	4. Are there any irrelevant sentences? Can you help her find out if any?
	5. Are there any misspelled words? Can you help her find out if any and correct them?
	6. Does she use correct grammar in all of her sentences? Help her check the following things:
	a. whether the verbs in the sentences are suitable with the subjects,
	b. whether the places of the modifiers in the noun phrases are correct.
	7. Does she begin all sentences with capital letters? Check the sentences and correct any mistakes you find.
	8. Does she end all sentences with full stops? Correct them if she does not.

WT06-11	J. FURTHERE ACTIVITIES
	Noun phrase (NP) is an important element in giving people a lot of information. That is why it is
	important that you learn to create noun phrases. To do that you will need to read a lot of texts, such as science texts, that often use noun phrases. Find a biology text and identify the noun
	phrases used. Share what you have with your classmates.

WT06-12	B. VOCABULARY BUILDER
	Read the text about Visiting Niagara Falls. After you read it, scan the text quickly to find the
	English equivalents for the Indonesian words below. You are given the dashes and some letters of
	the English words as the clues. Each dash represents a letter. After you find the words, compare
	your answer to your friends.
	$c r_{}(verb) = melewati/melintasi$
	$g o_{}(noun) = jurang$
	$a t t r_{}(noun) = pertunjukan$
	$po_{}(adjective) = menghantam$
	s o (adjective) = terendam
	w a t (adjective) = anti air
	ill(adjective) = berkilauan
	$c h_{}(noun) = pesona$
	$m i_{n}(noun) = kabut$
	$s c_{}(adjective) = indah$
	e x h (adjective) = mendebarkan
	$pl_{}(verb) = tercebur$
	$s a n _ _ _ _ _ (noun) = penangkaran$
	$p r e_{$
	$du_{-}(adverb) = petang$
	r

WT06-13	C. Pronunciation Practice Listen to your teacher reading these words. Repeat after him/her. niagara : / nai æg ə rə / gorge : / gɔ:rdʒ / veil : / veil / bridal : / 'bradl / cave : / keɪv / hurricane : / 'hʌrɪkən / illuminated : / ɪ'luːməneɪtəd / scenic : / 'siːnɪk / boat : / bout / exhilarating : / ɪg'zɪləreɪtɪŋ / plunge over : / plʌndʒ 'oovər / sanctuary : / 'sæŋktʃuəri / apparatus : / ˌæpə'reɪtəs / entrance : / 'entrəns /
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7. Visiting Niagara	WT07-1	E. VOCABULARY EXERCISES Complete the following sentences using the words in the box. Remember to use the correct forms.
Falls		cross, gorge, attractions, pounding, soaked, waterproof, illuminated, charm, mist, scenic, exhilarating, plunge, sanctuary, preservation, dusk,
		1. Waves are against the pier. You can hear the sound very clearly.
		 In the morning, the small town is covered in Explore Cheddar through photos in the
		internet. They inspire you to come and visit.4. Her shoes got as she walked through the
		wet grass. 5. Don't forget to bring your jacket. It's dark
		outside, it's likely going to rain. 6. Somerset help her forget her complicated
		 problems. 7. Christiano Ronaldo came to Bali to campaign for the of the environment.
		8. The street lights go on at Without the lights, car drivers cannot see the traffic in front of them.
		9. Look at that side. An sign flashed on and off
		10. This is a region of beauty. All areas are covered with trees; clean water flows uninterrupted,

and fresh air fills the sky	7.
	n walk to Mount Bromo
two years ago.	
12. The Rainbow bridge	Niagara river.
	her car swerved and off
the cliff.	
14. The of the na	ature reminds him of God's greatness.
15. Tropical forest in Bo	orneo is the largest wildlife
in Indonesia.	

	G. GRAMMAR REVIEW	
WT07-2	task 1: <i>Refer back to the text and find at least five sent</i> <i>sentences into active voices.</i>	tences written in passive voices. Change the
	Passive	Active

	WT07-3	task 2: Refer back into passiv		nces written in active voices. Change t	he sentences
			Active	Passive	
-		I. WRITIN	IG		

WT07-4	Task 1: Work in Pairs			
	Complete the followi	ng chart to underst	and the structure	
	of the descriptive text			
	v x	0	*	
	Parts of Text	Purposes	Details	
	Introductory paragraph			
	Supporting paragraph 1			
	Supporting paragraph 2	To describe Maid of the Mist Boat Tour		
	Supporting paragraph 3			
	Supporting paragraph 4			
	Supporting paragraph 5			
	Supporting paragraph 6			
	Concluding paragraph			

WT07-5	 task 2: Collaborative Description your teacher will assign you to sit in groups of 12-15 students. Sit in a circle and do the following steps. 1. Write a sentence about an interesting place. Start with a topic sentence. When your teacher gives a signal to stop, stop writing and give your paper to your friend on your right, and you'll receive your friend's paper. Continue writing a sentence on your friend's paper, one sentence at a time. Continue doing this, until your paper is back to you. When writing, pay attention to the following guiding questions: 1. What is the name of the place and why is it interesting? 2. What attractions are available in this place? Describe one by one. 3. What is your overall impression about the place?
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WT07-6	task 3: Independent Writing
	Now, rewrite your description by adding words, phrases or sentences. Change it into a descriptive essay telling your reader about an interesting place to visit. Make sure that your essay makes sense.
	Use the following questions to guide you:1. Does the essay have an introductory paragraph?2. Does your essay have supporting paragraphs?3. Does your essay include a concluding paragraph?4. Does your paragraph use clear references?

8. Describing Historical Places	WT08-1	B. VOCABULARY BUILDER Read the Indonesian equivalents. Guess the English words using clues provided. Using your dictionary, check whether you guessed correctly. Compare your work with that of your friends'.
		<pre>null of your friends : cvil_zaion (noun) = peradaban bndned (adjective) = ditinggalkan bet-kow (adjective) = terkenal cll_age (noun) = sejawat unarh (verb) = menggali eidnc (noun) = bukti hly (adjective) = suci cie (verb) = mengutip offcils (noun) = pegawai aniet (adjective) = kuno</pre>

WT08-2	C. Pronunciation Practice Listen to your teacher reading these words. Repeat after him/her. unearth : / An'3:0 / abandoned : / o'bændond / colleague : / 'koli:g / evidence : / 'evod o ns / holy : / 'houli / best-known : / best noun / cite : / satt / civilization : / ,stv o l-at'zelf o n / officials : / o'fif o l / ancient : / 'emf o nt /
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WT08-3	D. READING
	Task 2:
	Write words that describe Stonehenge and Durrington Walls.
	Stonehenge
	puzzling
	Durrington Walls
	larger (than
	Stonhenge)

WT08-4	E. VOCABULARY EXERCISES
	complete the following sentences using the words in the box.
	civilization, abandoned, best-known, colleague,
	unearth, evidence, holy cite,
	officials, ancient,
	 I have a new now. She has been in this company for a week. Both my father and my mother are senior high school teachers. They are government I love learning sociology. Through this subject, I can see how human has developed from time to time. Malang is as an education city in East Java because there are many universities and colleges there. The data that the researchers have presented in the conference provide additional concerning strategies for learning English. Hidden behind Beijing's walls is the cultural richness of the society. Authors might need to from other sources to
	support their arguments. In order to avoid plagiarizing,
	they have to acknowledge this.
	 8. Students in this region generally do not go to schools on days.
	9. Archeologists have managed to the remains
	and findings related to Stonehenge.

	10. One of the theories that archeologists propose suggests
	that this city was once

V	F. Text Structure THINK-PAIR-SHARE Task 1: Individually, complete the following chart to find out the structure of the text about Stor	vehenge.
	Parts of the Text Details	
	Introductory sentences to identify the place	
	Descriptive sentences about Stonehenge as well as Durrington Walls	
	Closing comment	

WT08-6 G. Grammar Review	
Participles	
All over the globe are historical mysteries left to us by the ancient world – lost civilization	zations,
abandoned cities,	
and puzzling monuments.	
Study the following examples.	
- lost civilizations = civilizations which are lost	
- abandoned cities = cities which are abandoned	
- puzzling monuments = monuments which are puzzling	
- boring classes = classes which are boring	
- bored students = students who are bored	
- annoyed people = people who are annoyed	
- exhausted workers = workers who are exhausted	
Do as the examples.	
1. annoying noise 11. a disappointing book	
2. annoyed people 12. disappointed readers 3. exhausting work 13. an amazing place	
4. exhausted workers 14. amazed visitors	
5. embarrassing experience 15. interesting places 6. embarrassed people 16. interested people	
7. a frustrating situation 17. confusing subjects	
8. frustrated learners 18. confused students	
9. a depressing story 19. irritating behaviors	
10. depressed children 20. irritated parents	
Classify the words from the above exercise into	
the categories below.	
Present (V-ing) annoying	
Participles Past (V-3) annoyed	

	I. WRITING
WT08-7	Task 1: The following text is not written properly. Edit the text to find out the 15 misspelled words so that it makes sense.
	Parker Pearson goes on to explain that the houses neer Durrington Walls were probably occupied at certain times of the yeer when people gatherd for the summer and winter solstices (the longest and shortst days of the year) to celebrate certain religius ceremonies. And in fact, large amounts of pottery and anmal bones have been found near Durrington, suggesting that this site was usd as a place for eating and drinking. In contrst, very little pottery has been found in Stonehenge. In addition, almst no human remains have been found at Durrington, but a number of grves have been uncovered at Stonehenge. Paths from Stonehenge and Durrington Walls to the nearbi River Avon also suggest that the two sites were linkd. At certain times of the year, most of the ded would have been carred down the road from Durrington and put in the river. Later, remains of the society's rulers would have been brought down the river, carried up the long avenu, and deposited at Stonehenge.

WT08-8	Task 2: Using your own words, rewrite the above paragraphs Parker Pearson further suggests that
WT08-9	Task 3: Find some information about historical places in your hometown. Write a text about one of those places that interests you most.

9. Giving Announcem ent	WT09-1	B Vocabulary Builder. Match the words with their Indonesian equivalents. Compare your work to your classmates'.		
		cancel (verb)berdasar (pendaftar) yang dulua stadium (noun)stadionan approval (noun)dipesanproceed (verb)banyak; luar biasain accordance with (noun)biaya pendaftaranunforeseen (adjective)membatalkana first-come basis (noun)persetujuantremendous (adjective)tidak terdugaa registration fee (noun)menindaklanjutireserved (adjective)sesuai dengan		

WT09-	 C. Pronunciation Practice Listen to your teacher reading these words. Repeat after him/her. cancel : / 'kæns o l / stadium : / 'sterdiom / approval : / o'pru: v o l / proceed : / pro'si:d / in accordance with : / In o'ko:d o ns wtθ / unforeseen : / , Anfo: 'si:n / a first-come basis : / o f3:rst kAm 'betsts / tremendous : / tri'mendos / registration fee : / , redʒo' stretʃ o n fi: / reserved : / rti'z3:ved /
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W (T)00 0	D DE (DDIG			
WT09-3	D. READING			
	Task 2:			
	After reading the to	ext, in the chart below, ident	ify the main ideas of the paragrap	ohs, and then
	v o	ortant details in your own w		,
	DISEDIAKAN TAH			
	Text 1			
	Paragraph	Main Idea	Details	
	1	The Faith & D Entertainment Management announces the cancellation of the concert.	- The management has just been notified by CJes Entertainment, the artiste agency of JYJ.	
		concert.	- CJes Entertainment has decided to cancel JYJ World Tour Concert in Singapore.	
			- The concert is scheduled on 23 April 2011.	
			- The concert is held at Singapore Indoor Stadium.	
	2			
	Text 2			
	Paragraph	Main Idea	Details	
	1	The McMaster Mini-Med School announces the commencement of the 2009 program.	 The school welcomes the 2009 students. The term lasts for seven weeks. The term begins Tuesday, March 3, 2009. 	
	2		-	

WT09-4	E. Vocabulary Exercise
	Complete the following sentences using the words in the box.
	Proceed, unforeseen, a first-come basis,
	tremendous, registration fee, reserved,
	cancel, stadium, approval,
	in accordance with,
	1. This annual international conference is usually attended
	by many participants from various countries; therefore, the
	committee applies the registration on
	2. This restaurant is full. We cannot get any seat as all the tables
	have been
	3. Before arranging the examination date for their final project,
	the students have to get their supervisors'
	4. This afternoon the football match between INDONESIA and
	VIETNAM is held at Gelora Bung Karno
	5. The seminar participants will get a special rate for the
	if they can pay it one month before the due date.
	6. The headmaster has to some school programs due
	to the changes of funding policies by the newly-appointed
	mayor.
	7. Even though her mid-semester project is due next month,
	Fahmida is planning to finish it today. She does this to
	minimize circumstances.
	8. The election committee works the rules and
	regulations established by the government.
	9. According to the announcement, passengers of Garuda
	Indonesia Flight Number GA 522 are to to the
	waiting room.

	10. The announcement about the trip to Borobudur Temple has
	received response.

WT09-5	F Text Structure THINK-PAIR-SHARE Task 1: Individually, complete the following chart to find out the structure of the announcement above depending on which announcement you have read.		
	Parts of the Announcement	Purposes	Details
	Opening		
	Contents		
	Closing		
	G. GRAMMAR REVIEW		

WT09-6	task 2: Complete the sentences with the correct forms of the verbs in italics. 1. They are going to reserve a room in a local hotel. The can be done through email. 2. The artiste agency has to decide on the concert cancellation. The agency's has to be respected. 3. Dany was permitted by his father to try a new car. The period lasted for a week. 4. The internet connects people around the world easily. This school has a very excellent internet 5. The beginning part of a story orients readers with the setting. The quality of this usually determines whether readers would continue reading or not. 6. Joe wanted to bury the dead body of his pet Bonnie at the backyard. He hoped that this would bring good memories. 7. The students are planning to organize a trip to the beach. The is supervised by the vice headmaster for student affairs. 8. Riza hopes that his supervisor would approve his proposal. The, however, is subject to the revision he is doing at the moment. 9. The teacher will divide the class into two. The is based on the attendance list. 10. The students are being trained to communicate effectively in public. Public is one of essential skills in this global era.
	I. WRITING

WT09-7	task 1: The following announcement about regional games is not written properly. Edit the announcement so that it makes sense.

Table 1.2 Description of the coding of Writing Tasks based on Krathwohl(2002)

Chapter	Task-code	Cognitiv e-codes	Descriptions
	WT01-1	C1	The cognitive process of this task is considered as "remember" because in order to finish the tasks students must retrieve relevant knowledge
	WT01-2	C1	The cognitive process of this task is considered as "remember" because the students are expected to repeat the words being read by teacher
	WT01-3	C2	The cognitive process of this task is considered as "understand" because the students are expected identify the main idea of the paragraph.
1. Talking about self	WT01-4	C3	The cognitive process of this task is considered as "apply" because in order to finish the tasks students must use appropriate words and correct forms of verbs.
	WT01-5	C4	The cognitive process of this task is considered as "Analyze" because the students must be able to analyze the structure of the email and letter.
	WT01-6	C3	The cognitive process of this task is considered as "apply" because in order to finish the tasks students must use correct form.
	WT01-7	C3	this task is considered as "Apply" because the students must be able to respond the email by using correct structure.
2. Complem enting	WT02-1	C1	The cognitive process of this task is considered as "remember" because in order to finish the tasks students must retrieve relevant knowledge
and Showing Care	WT02-2	C1	The cognitive process of this task is considered as "remember" because the students are expected to repeat the words being read by teacher

	WT02-3	C3	The cognitive process of this tasks is considered as "apply" because the student should be able to use the expression with variety circumstances.
	WT02-4	C3	This task is considered as "apply" because the student write short letter using the appropriate expression.
	WT03-1	C1	The cognitive process of this task is considered as "remember" because the students are expected to recognize words from picture.
	WT03-2	C3	The cognitive process of this task is considered as "apply" because the student should be able to use the correct expressions to fill the gap.
3. Expressin g Intention	WT03-3	C3	The cognitive process of this task is considered as "apply" because the student should be able to use words in sentence.
	WT03-4	C3	The cognitive process of this task is considered as "apply" because the student should be able to make simple dialogue in different kinds of circumstaces.
	WT03-5	C3	The cognitive process of this task is considered as "apply" because the student should be able to write with the right grammar.
	WT04-1	C1	The cognitive process of this task is considered as "remember" because in order to finish the tasks students must retrieve relevant knowledge
4. Congratul ating Others	WT04-2	C1	The cognitive process of this task is considered as "remember" because the students are expected to repeat the words being read by teacher
	WT04-3	C3	The cognitive process of this task is considered as "apply" because in order to finish the tasks students must use appropriate words and correct forms part of speech.
	WT04-4	C3	The cognitive process of this task is considered as "apply"because the student should be able to use the right expression.

	WT04-5	C3	The cognitive process of this task is considered as "apply" because the student should be able to use the expression of congratulating someone.
	WT05-1	C1	The cognitive process of the task is considered as "remember" because the student should retrieve their memory of the word or match it with the right meaning from the dictionary.
	WT05-2	C1	The cognitive process of the task is considered as "remember" because the student should retrieve their memory about appropriate adjective used for describing people appearance.
	WT05-3	C1	The cognitive process of the task is considered as "remember" because the student should identify the right words in the right table
	WT05-4	C1	The cognitive process of this task is considered as "remember" because the students are expected to repeat the words being read by teacher
5. Describing People	WT05-5	C3	The cognitive process of this task is considered as "apply" because the student are expected to be able use the word in sentences
	WT05-6	C4	The cognitive process of this task is considered as "Analyze" because the students must be able to analyze the purpose of the text and identify the detail of information from the text.
	WT05-7	C2	The cognitive process of this task is considered as "Understand" because the students must be able to identify the purpose of the text and identify the detail of information from the text.
	WT05-8	C2	The cognitive process of this task is considered as "Understand" because the students must be able to identify the subject and to be within a sentence given.
	WT05-9	C3	The cognitive process of this task is considered as "apply" because the student expected to be able to use adjectives in sentences.

	WT05-10	C3	The cognitive process of this task is considered as "Create" because the student should be able to use right expression and structure of describing people
	WT06-1	C2	The cognitive process of the task is considered as "remember" because the student should identify the word that doesn't belong in the table
	WT06-2	C1	The cognitive process of this task is considered as "remember" because in order to finish the tasks students must retrieve relevant knowledge
	WT06-3	C1	The cognitive process of this task is considered as "remember" because the students are expected to repeat the words being read by teacher
	WT06-4	C4	The cognitive process of this task is considered as "Analyze" because the students must be able to analyze the purpose of the text and identify the detail of information from the text.
6. Visiting Ecotouris m	WT06-5	C3	The cognitive process of this task is considered as "apply" because in order to finish the tasks students must use appropriate words in correct gap.
Destinatio n	WT06-6	C2	The cognitive process of this task is considered as "understand " because the students must be able to identify what is noun phrase.
	WT06-7	C3	The cognitive process of this task is considered as "apply" because the students should be able to create noun phrase based on nouns given
	WT06-8	C2	The cognitive process of this task is considered as "understand " because the students must be able to identify the modifier.
	WT06-9	C1	The cognitive process of this task is considered as "remember" because the students are expected to listof items to bring for their journey.
	WT06-10	C4	The cognitive process of this task is considered as "Analyze" because the students must be able to analyze error within the text.

	WT06-11	C2	The cognitive process of this task is considered as "understand " because the students must be able to identify what is noun phrase from other text.
	WT06-12	C1	The cognitive process of this task is considered as "remember" because in order to finish the tasks students must retrieve relevant knowledge from the text given.
	WT06-13	C1	The cognitive process of this task is considered as "remember" because the students are expected to repeat the words being read by teacher
7. Visiting Niagara Falls	WT07-1	C3	The cognitive process of this task is considered as "apply" because in order to finish the tasks students must use appropriate words and correct forms.
	WT07-2	C3	The cognitive process of this task belongs to "apply" because the students must be able to apply the rule of using passive and active voice
	WT07-3	C3	The cognitive process of this task belongs to "apply" because the students must be able to apply the rule of using passive and active voice
	WT07-4	C4	The cognitive process of this task is considered as "Analyze" because the students must be able to analyze the purpose of the text and identify the detail of information from the text.
	WT07-5	C6	the cognitive process of this task is considered as "create" because the student should generate their ideas in composing descriptive text.
	WT07-6	C6	the cognitive process of this task is considered as "create" because the student should generate their ideas in composing descriptive text.
8. Describing Historical Places	WT08-1	C1	The cognitive process of the task is considered as "remember" because the student should retrieve their memory of the word or match it with the right meaning from the dictionary.

	WT08-2	C1	The cognitive process of this task is considered as "remember" because the students are expected to repeat the words being read by teacher
	WT08-3	C3	The cognitive process of this task belongs to "apply" because the students must be able to apply the right description for Stonehenge and Durrington Walls.
	WT08-4	C3	The cognitive process of this task is considered as "apply" because in order to finish the tasks students must use appropriate words and correct forms.
	WT08-5	C4	The cognitive process of this task is considered as "Analyze" because the students must be able to analyze the detail of information from the text.
	WT08-6	C2	The cognitive process of this task is considered as "understand " because the students must be able to classify where the words are belonged to.
	WT08-7	C5	The cognitive process of this task is considered as "Evaluate" because the students should be able to edit the text.
	WT08-8	C6	The cognitive process of this task is considered as "create" because the student should construct different type of writing with their own words.
	WT08-9	C6	The cognitive process of this task is considered as "create" because the student should generate the information cbout historical places then write it.
	WT09-1	C1	The cognitive process of this task is considered as "remember" because in order to finish the tasks students must retrieve relevant knowledge
9. Giving Announce ment	WT09-2	C1	The cognitive process of this task is considered as "remember" because the students are expected to repeat the words being read by teacher
	WT09-3	C4	The cognitive process of this task is considered as "Analyze" because the students must be able to analyze the detail of information from the text.

	WT09-4	C3	The cognitive process of this task is considered as "apply" because in order to finish the tasks students must use appropriate words and correct forms.
	WT09-5	C4	The cognitive process of this task is considered as "Analyze" because the students must be able to analyze the purpose and the detail of information from the text.
	WT09-6	C3	The cognitive process of this task is considered as "apply" because in order to finish the tasks students must use orrect form of verbs.
	WT09-7	C5	The cognitive process of this task is considered as "Evaluate" because the students should be able to edit the text.