

CHAPTER V

CONCLUSION AND SUGGESTION

This chapter aimed to providing the conclusion and suggestion. In this chapter, the writer concluded her study and suggested some research which related to the topic of the study.

5.1. Conclusion

After analyzing the data by following the steps of the data collection procedure and data analysis procedure, the writer arrives on the answers three questions of the study. The three questions of the study are about the types of illocutionary act in Donald Trump's speech based on Searle theory which consist of representative, declarative, directive, commissive, and expressive, also the positive-negative politeness strategy in Donald Trump's speech based on Brown and Levinson theory which consist of 15 sub-positive politeness strategies and 10 sub-negative politeness strategies and what does Donald Trump trying to convey the message through his speech. Those findings make some conclusion appears in this research.

From the analysis of types of illocutionary act in Donald Trump speech transcript, it can be concluded that Donald Trump mostly used representative act with 84 utterances (52%) from 160 total utterances. The second most dominant type of illocutionary act is commissive with 28 utterances (17,5). The third position is directive act with 22 utterances (14%). The forth is expressive act with

19 utterances (12%). The last position is declarative with 7 utterance (4%). Donald Trump as a candidate of United State President, he mostly used utterances included in representative act. He uttered many forms of representative act such as description, report, assertion, claim, prediction, etc. He uttered those forms to explain what issues does he want to fight. She also uttered commisive act such as promising, offering, challenging, etc. The purposes by uttering those form to show the cause and effect if people do not choose him in the presidential election later. He also uttered many forms of directive. By uttering those forms, he wants to perform and conveys some future act to the audience to make America great again. Then, he uttered many forms of expressive. The purposes on uttering those forms of expressive to show how he feels and concerns on every problem in United State. Later he uttered some forms of declarative which declaring his campaign on his speech.

According to the analysis of positive-negative politeness in Donald Trump speech transcript, it can be concluded that Donald Trump mostly used positive politeness strategy, there are 92 utterances (76,6%). It is found that positive politeness strategy is the most frequently-appeared strategy. The writer concluded that almost all the sub-strategies/characteristics of politeness strategy are distributed evenly, except the sub-strategy number 9 (Assert knowledge of hearer's want), number 13 (Assume / assert reciprocit), number 14 (Include speaker and hearer in the activity) and number 15 (Give hints to the hearer such as goods, sympathy, etc). The sub-strategy that mostly appears is strategy number 11 (Be optimistic). Followed by sub-strategy number 10 (Offer, Promises) and sub-

strategy number 2 (Exaggerate). Negative politeness strategy is the least frequently-used strategy in Donald Trump speech. There are 28 utterances of 120 total utterances. The writer concluded that almost all the sub-strategies/characteristics of politeness strategy are not distributed evenly, except the sub-strategy number 17 (Question, Hedge) and sub-strategy number 18 (Be pessimistic).

Combination of illocutionary act type and politeness strategy enables us to explore the language use of political leaders and we can find the message through analyzing his utterances into speech act and politeness strategy. The message Donald Trump tried to convey through his speech that he wants to achieve his purposes by influencing many people to support and vote him in presidential election of United State 2016. He used five types of illocutionary act in his speech to convince many people and persuade them to vote for him in the election later. He also gives the facts which related to Obama's government which made America get worse. Donald Trump also used positive politeness strategy to try to convince the hearer to entrust United State in his hand, and he over also confident that only Donald Trump who can make America great again, no other candidate can. He really optimistic that he can rebuild America to be great again on time, on budget and below cost.

5.2. Suggestion

From the research's finding, the writer suggest to the English Department students who are interested in the same theme to take another speech act and

politeness strategy data such as conversation, novel, movie, articles and etc. Then for the next research, they can explore more sub type of speech act and sub-type of politeness strategies or analyze some other intereseting topic and corpus for their research. Further they can enrich the theories that still developed in the recent years