

FIRISHTA FATIMAH ABDUL RADJAK
PERBEDAAN KEPUASAN PERNIKAHAN PADA SUAMI YANG
MEMILIKI ISTRI BEKERJA DAN ISTRI TIDAK BEKERJA DI
JAKARTA

Skripsi

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ABSTRAK

Suami merupakan pencari nafkah utama dalam keluarga, namun pada saat ini banyak suami setuju dengan istri berkarir di luar rumah dengan alasan dapat menambah sumber keuangan keluarga. Namun, tidak jarang pula suami tidak setuju dengan hal tersebut karena berbagai alasan, seperti istri yang berkarir sering mengabaikan pekerjaan rumah dan anak. Kondisi istri yang berkarir maupun tidak, membawa dampak positif dan negatif pada kehidupan pernikahan mereka dan berpengaruh pada kepuasan pernikahan yang mereka rasakan. Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui perbedaan kepuasan pernikahan suami pada istri bekerja dan istri tidak bekerja di Jakarta. Alat ukur yang digunakan dengan ENRICH Marital Satisfaction Scale (EMS). Jumlah subjek dalam penelitian ini adalah 200 orang suami (100 status istri berkarir, 100 status istri tidak berkarir) dengan usia pernikahan minimal 4 tahun, menggunakan teknik purposive sampling. Pengambilan data menggunakan skala model likert. Metode analisa data menggunakan independent sample t-test. Hasil penelitian menunjukkan terdapat perbedaan kepuasan pernikahan pada suami yang memiliki istri bekerja dan istri tidak bekerja di Jakarta ($F = 1,305; P > 0,05$).

Kata Kunci :Kepuasan pernikahan suami, istri berkarir, istri tidak berkarir.

FIRISHTA FATIMAH ABDUL RADJAK
DIFFERENCES IN MARITAL SATISFACTION IN HUSBANDS WHO HAVE
WORKING WIFE AND HOUSE WIFE IN JAKARTA.

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ABSTRACT

The husband is the main breadwinner in the family, but nowadays a lot of husband and wife agree to a carrer outside the home and grounds can add to the family's financial resources. However, not infrequently the husband doesn't agree for some reason, like a carrer woman who often ignore the housework and child. Condition that a carrer woman or not, bring a positive and negative impact on their married life and effect on marital satisfaction they feel. The aim of this research was to find out the difference of a husband's marital satisfaction which is viewed byhis wife status as a career woman or a housewife in Jakarta. Marital Satisfaction are measured by ENRICH Marital Satisfaction Scale (EMS) The number of this subjects in this research was 200 husbands (100 wives who have careers and 100 wives whodo not have any career) by the minimum age of their marriage was 4 year, using purposive sampling technique. Likert model scale was employed to collect the data. The data analysis method used in this research was independent sample t-test. The result of this research demonstrated that there is a differences of husbands' marital satisfaction who has a working wife and a house wife in Jakarta ($F = 1.305$; $P > 0.05$).

Keywords: Husband's marital satisfaction, working wife, house wife