

ABSTRACT

DWI ASIH PRAWESTIWI, Correlation Between Test Anxiety With Students Achievement Commerce Department At SMK Negeri 20 In Jakarta Selatan. Thesis, Jakarta: Economic Education Study Program, Commerce Education Concentration, , Economic and Administration Department, Economic Faculty. State University of Jakarta, July 2008.

The aim of this research is to obtain empirical data & sahiih, valid and reliable fact concerning whether or not there is correlation between Test Anxiety With Students Achievement. The observation was held in SMK Negeri 20 East Jakarta for 3 months from April to Juny 2008. The method of research which which is use is to survey method with the correlation approach. The Simple Random Sampling Technique had been used take the samples. The population in this research is all of the students at SMK Negeri 20 East Jakarta. The reached of population is the student in X class on the Marketing Faculty which is have 79 people. The sample which is taking is 65 people, from the level of 5% sample mistakes. Instrumented which is the type of scale liker is used to filter the relationship about the test anxiety as variable X and study achievement as variable Y. Before the instrumented have used, it must doing to testing the validities for second variable which is using the formula at coefficient correlation with category “r” count > “r” table, and then counting it the realibilities of the objects statement with using the formula of Alpha Crounbach. From 35 statement of variable X which is validation is 31 statement with the valid statement and the other residue of for droop object. Beside that for variable Y, information which used is the secondary of information. From the counting of the result which taking variable X reliabilities result is 0, 877 and this matter proof that instrumented was valid and reliable. The equation for linear regression is $\hat{Y} = 45,87 + 0,266X$ Significance regression results in $F_{count} > F_{tabel}$, is $0,05 > 1,80$. It's mean that the regression equation is significant. Analysis of condition test, which is normally error test for regression approximates of X on Y with liliefors test, results in $L_{count} = 0,0945$ and L_{tabel} for $n = 65$ with level is significance of 0,05 is 0,1099, because $L_{count} < L_{tabel}$ then normality error test is normal distribution. And linearity regression test yield, in $F_{count} < F_{tabel}$ is $0,42 < 1,80$ that can be interpreted that the regression equation is linear. Results of hypotesis test with pearson's product moment shows that $r_{xy} = 0,537$, then significance of product moment correlation is tested with t test which yields $t_{count} > t_{tabel}$ is $5,053 > 1,671$ summary that have relation which is significant between test anxiety with students achievement. Coefficient of determined obtained equal 28,84%, its mean that variation of test anxiety (variable X) which is rule by students achievement (variable Y). The Results of the calculation concludes that there is positive correlation between test anxiety with students achievement commerce department at SMK Negeri 20 in East Jakarta.