

**HUBUNGAN ANTARA LINGKUNGAN KERJA DENGAN MOTIVASI  
PEGAWAI DI KANTOR SUKU DINAS PENDIDIKAN KOTA ADMINISTRASI  
JAKARTA TIMUR**

**SITI AISYAH**

**Program Studi Manajemen Pendidikan Fakultas Ilmu Pendidikan  
Universitas Negeri Jakarta**

**ABSTRAK**

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui hubungan antara lingkungan kerja dengan motivasi pegawai di Kantor Suku Dinas Pendidikan Kota Administrasi Jakarta Timur.

Metode penelitian yang digunakan adalah metode survey dengan studi korelasional dan pendekatan kuantitatif. Sampel penelitian ini adalah sebanyak 82 orang pegawai. Pengambilan sampel secara acak menggunakan *simple random sampling* dengan rumus Slovin dan pengumpulan data menggunakan kuisioner.

Dari hasil uji hipotesis, diperoleh  $t_{hitung}$  sebesar 3.385 yang berarti lebih besar dari  $t_{tabel}$  1.990. Maka, hipotesis alternatif ( $H_a$ ) dinyatakan diterima secara positif. Dari koefisien determinasi, lingkungan kerja memberikan kontribusi sebesar 12.53% terhadap motivasi pegawai di Kantor Suku Dinas Pendidikan Kota Administrasi Jakarta Timur. Berdasarkan hasil penelitian diketahui bahwa semakin kondusif lingkungan kerja, maka semakin tinggi pula tingkat motivasi pegawai di Kantor Suku Dinas Pendidikan Kota Administrasi Jakarta Timur.

**Kata Kunci : Lingkungan Kerja, Motivasi Pegawai**

***RELATIONSHIPS BETWEEN WORK ENVIRONMENT AND EMPLOYEE  
MOTIVATION IN EDUCATION DEPARTMENT OFFICE OF EAST  
JAKARTA ADMINISTRATION CITY***

**SITI AISYAH**

***Educational Management Studies Program, Faculty of Education  
State University of Jakarta***

***ABSTRACT***

*This study aims to determine the relationship between work environment and employee motivation in Education Department Office Of East Jakarta Administration City.*

*The method used is survey method with the correlational studies and quantitative approaches. Samples were as many as 82 employee. Sampling using simple random sampling by the formula Slovin and data collection using questionnaires.*

*From the results of hypothesis testing, obtained  $t_{count}$  equal to 3.385, which means bigger than  $t_{table}$  1.990. Thus, the alternative hypothesis ( $H_a$ ) are accepted positively. Of the coefficient of determination, work environment contributed 12.53% to employee motivation in Education Department Office Of East Jakarta Administration. Based on the results of the research, it is known that the more conducive work environment, the higher the level of employee motivation in Education Department Office Of East Jakarta Administration.*

***Keywords: Work Environment, Employee Motivation***